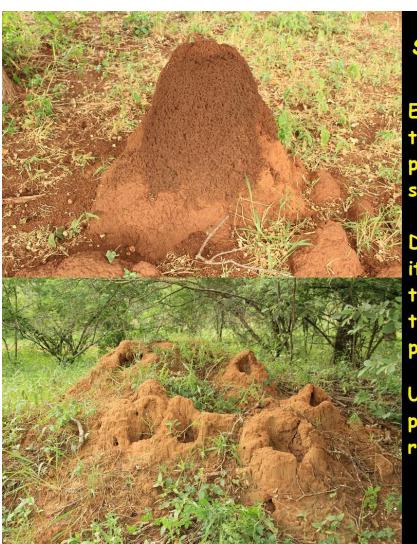


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Seven steps for correct site preparation and termite proofing.



Step 1:

Eradicate all visible termite nests at the proposed construction site.

DO NOT disturb them, it is far better to treat them FIRST then continue with site preparation.

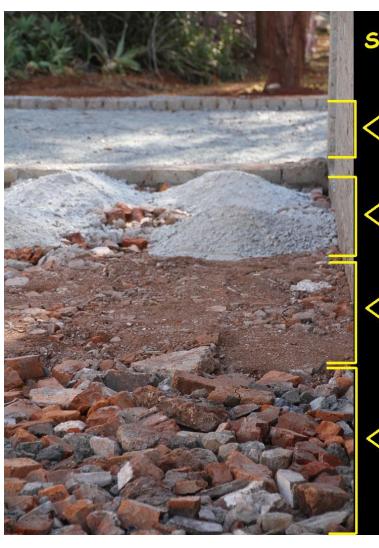
Use a pest control professional, get it right from the start.



Step 2:

Remove all tree stumps, roots and other wooden material from the area. You do not want to attract termites to your house.

Wooden stumps etc, will be eaten by termites and create a cavity under foundations. Cracks and subsiding may result.



Step 3:

Complete and ready for proofing

Surface layer of fine substrate 25mm thick

Backfill must be well compacted and rubble covered with fine substrate min 25mm

Rubble cannot be treated effectively,

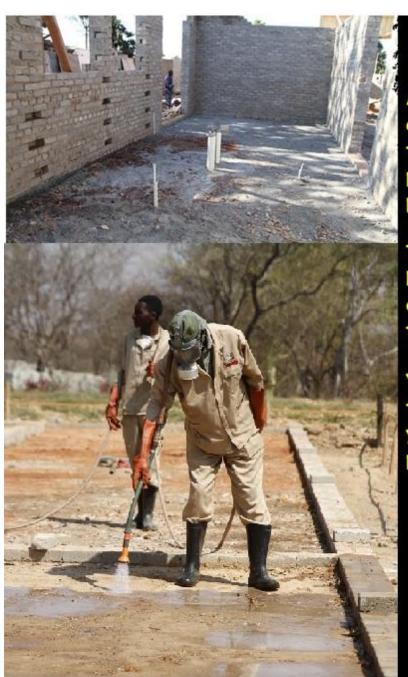
NO guarantees if the foundation is not properly prepared!



Step 4:

Ensure that all building materials have been removed from the areas to be treated. Bricks, steel, planks, scaffolding, excess sand etc. should all be removed.

The area to be treated should be devoid of obstructions so that a continuous unbroken layer of chemical is achieved.



Step 5:

All plumbing and electricals to be below the slab should be in place BEFORE termite proofing!

The surface MUST NOT be disturbed after it has been treated.

You are now ready for termite proofing, call your pest control professional.



Step 6:

After treatment, cover with plastic as soon as possible. Continue with foundation steelwork, then throw the slab as soon as possible.

DO NOT water the treated area.

DO NOT disturb the treated surface substrate.

DO NOT leave the treated foundations exposed for more than three days.



Step 7:

Once construction is near completion and you are ready to lay coping/driveway/other around the perimeter of the structure; the perimeter must be proofed.

This is VERY important, as it will prevent termites from using your walls to access ceiling timbers and other timbers in your house. This must not be overlooked!